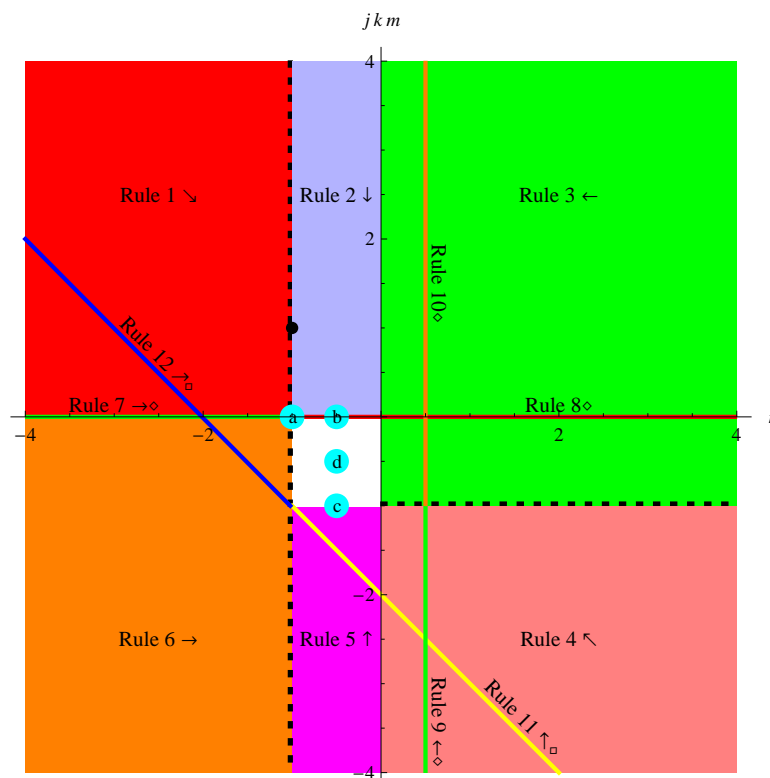


# Integration Rules for

$$\int (\sin^j(z))^m (A + B \sin^k(z)) (a + b \sin^k(z))^n dz \text{ when } j^2 = 1 \bigwedge k^2 = 1 \bigwedge a^2 = b^2$$

## Domain Map



### Legend:

- The rule number in a colored region indicates the rule to use for integrals in that region.
- The rule number next to a colored line indicates the rule to use for integrals on that line.
- A white region or line indicates there is no rule for integrals in that region or on that line.
- A solid black line indicates integrals on that line are handled by rules in another section.
- A dashed black line on the border of a region indicates integrals on that border are handled by the rule for that region.
- The arrow(s) following a rule number indicates the direction the rule drives integrands in the  $n \times m$  exponent plane.
- A  $\diamond$  following a rule number indicates the rule transforms the integrand into a form handled by another section.
- A red (stop) disk indicates the terminal rule to use for the point at the center of the disk.
- A cyan disk indicates the non-terminal rule to use for the point at the center of the disk.

## Integration Rules for

$$\int (A + B \sin^k(z)) (a + b \sin^k(z))^n dz \text{ when } k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 = b^2$$

$$\text{Rule a: } \int \frac{A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx$$

- **Derivation:** Algebraic expansion

- **Basis:**  $\frac{A+Bz}{a+bz} = \frac{A}{a} - \frac{(bA-aB)z}{a(a+bz)}$

- **Note:** The rule for integrands of the same form when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$  could subsume this rule, but the resulting antiderivative will look less like the integrand involving sines instead of cosecants.

- **Rule a:** If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{A x}{a} - \frac{bA - aB}{a} \int \frac{\operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1))/(a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)),x_Symbol] :=
  A*x/a - Dist[(b*A-a*B)/a,Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1)/(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]
```

# Rules 13 – 14: $\int (A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^n dx$

■ **Derivation:** Rule 6 with  $m = 0$  and  $k = -1$

■ **Rule 13:** If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$ , then

$$\int (A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{(bA - aB) \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x] (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^n}{bd(2n+1)} + \frac{1}{b^2(2n+1)} \int (aA(2n+1) - (bA - aB)(n+1) \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^{n+1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(b*A-a*B)*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n/(b*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[1/(b^2*(2*n+1)),
    Int[Sim[a*A*(2*n+1)-((b*A-a*B)*(n+1))*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1))^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] && RationalQ[n] && n<-1
```

■ **Derivation:** Rule 3 with  $m = 0$  and  $k = -1$

■ **Rule 14:** If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge n > 0$ , then

$$\int (A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{bB \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x] (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^{n-1}}{dn} + \frac{1}{n} \int (aAn + (aB(2n-1) + bAn) \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^{n-1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -b*B*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^(n-1)/(d*n) +
  Dist[1/n,
    Int[Sim[a*A*n+(a*B*(2*n-1)+b*A*n)*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1))^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] && RationalQ[n] && n>0
```

# Integration Rules for

$$\int (\sin^j(z))^m (A + B \sin^k(z)) (a + b \sin^k(z))^n dz \text{ when } j^2 = 1 \wedge k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 = b^2$$

$$\text{Rule c: } \int \frac{A + B \sin[c + d x]^k}{\sin[c + d x]^{\frac{k+1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k}} dx$$

■ **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**

■ **Basis:**  $\frac{A + B z^k}{z^{\frac{k+1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b z^k}} = \frac{A \sqrt{a + b z^k}}{a z^{\frac{k+1}{2}}} - \frac{(b A - a B) z^{\frac{k-1}{2}}}{a \sqrt{a + b z^k}}$

■ **Rule c:** If  $k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin[c + d x]^k}{\sin[c + d x]^{\frac{k+1}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k}} dx \rightarrow \frac{A}{a} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k}}{\sin[c + d x]^{\frac{k+1}{2}}} dx - \frac{b A - a B}{a} \int \frac{\sin[c + d x]^{\frac{k-1}{2}}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k}} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_])/(sin[c_+d_.*x_]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[A/a,Int[Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]]/sin[c+d*x],x] -
  Dist[(a*A-b*B)/b,Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]
```

```
Int[(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))/Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbol] :=
  A/a*Int[Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)],x] -
  (b*A-a*B)/a*Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1)/Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]
```

$$\text{Rule d: } \int \frac{A + B \sin[c + d x]}{\sqrt{\sin[c + d x]} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]}} dx$$

■ **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**

■ **Rule d:** If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin[c + d x]}{\sqrt{\sin[c + d x]} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{B}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]}}{\sqrt{\sin[c + d x]}} dx + \frac{b A - a B}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin[c + d x]} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]}} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_])/(Sqrt[sin[c_.+d_.*x_]]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[B/b,Int[Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]]/Sqrt[sin[c+d*x]],x]] +
  Dist[(b*A-a*B)/b,Int[1/(Sqrt[sin[c+d*x]]*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]
```

$$\int \left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^{m/2} (A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])^{n/2} dx$$

- **Derivation:** Rule 4 with  $j m = \frac{1}{2}, k = -1$  and  $n = \frac{1}{2}$
- **Rule:** If  $j^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge j m = \frac{1}{2}$ , then

$$\int \left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^m (A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{2 a A \cos[c + d x]}{d \left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^m \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} + B \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}}{\left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^m} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+B_.sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))*Sqrt[a_+b_.sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbol
-2*a*A*Cos[c+d*x]/(d*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c+d*x]]) +
Dist[B,Int[Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)]/(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && j*m==1/2
```

- **Derivation:** Algebraic expansion
- **Basis:**  $\frac{A+Bz}{\sqrt{a+bz}} = \frac{B\sqrt{a+bz}}{b} + \frac{bA-aB}{b\sqrt{a+bz}}$
- **Rule:** If  $j^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge j m = -\frac{1}{2} \wedge bA - aB \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^m (A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x])}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{B}{b} \int \left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^m \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx + \frac{bA - aB}{b} \int \frac{\left( \sin[c + d x]^j \right)^m}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+B_.sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))/Sqrt[a_+b_.sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbol
Dist[B/b,Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)],x]] +
Dist[(b*A-a*B)/b,Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m/Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && j*m==-1/2 &&
NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]
```

- **Derivation:** Rule 5 with  $j = \frac{1}{2}, k = -1$  and  $n = -\frac{1}{2}$

- **Rule:** If  $j^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge j = \frac{1}{2} \wedge bA - aB \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx])}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{2A \cos[c+dx]}{d (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} - \frac{bA - aB}{a} \int \frac{1}{(\sin[c+dx]^j)^m \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+B_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^(-1))/Sqrt[a_+b_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbo
-2*A*Cos[c+d*x]/(d*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c+d*x]]) -
Dist[(b*A-a*B)/a,Int[1/((sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && j*m==1/2 &&
NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]
```

# Rules 9 – 10: $\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k) \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k} dx$

■ **Derivation:** Rule 4 with  $n = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $a B (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) + b A (j k m + \frac{k+2}{2}) = 0$

■ **Derivation:** Rule 3 with  $n = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $a B (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) + b A (j k m + \frac{k+2}{2}) = 0$

■ **Rule 9a:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0 \wedge j k m + \frac{k+1}{2} \neq 0 \wedge a B (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) + b A (j k m + \frac{k+2}{2}) = 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k) \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k} dx \rightarrow \frac{a A \cos[c + d x] (\sin[c + d x]^j)^{m+jk}}{d (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k}}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_.*(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*Sqrt[a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.],x_Symbol
a*A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)/(d*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k])/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,m},x]&&OneQ[j^2,k^2]&&ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]&&NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]&&
NonzeroQ[j*k*m+(k+1)/2]&&ZeroQ[a*B*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+b*A*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2)]
```

■ **Derivation:** Rule 4 with  $n = \frac{1}{2}$

■ **Rule 9b:** If

$j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0 \wedge j k m + \frac{k+1}{2} \neq 0 \wedge j k m \leq -1 \wedge a B (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) + b A (j k m + \frac{k+2}{2}) \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k) \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k} dx \rightarrow \frac{a A \cos[c + d x] (\sin[c + d x]^j)^{m+jk}}{d (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k}} +$$

$$\frac{a B (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2}) + b A (j k m + \frac{k+2}{2})}{a (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2})} \int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^{m+jk} \sqrt{a + b \sin[c + d x]^k} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_.*(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*Sqrt[a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.],x_Symbol
a*A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)/(d*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k])+
Dist[(a*B*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+b*A*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2))/(a*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k],x]]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x]&&OneQ[j^2,k^2]&&ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]&&NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]&&
RationalQ[m]&&NonzeroQ[j*k*m+(k+1)/2]&&j*k*m<=-1&&
NonzeroQ[a*B*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+b*A*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2)]
```



- **Derivation: Rule 3 with  $n = \frac{1}{2}$**

- **Rule 10: If**

$j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm + \frac{k+2}{2} \neq 0 \wedge jkm \geq -1 \wedge aB \left(jkm + \frac{k+1}{2}\right) + bA \left(jkm + \frac{k+2}{2}\right) \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) \sqrt{a+b \sin[c+dx]^k} dx \rightarrow -\frac{bB \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk}}{d \left(jkm + \frac{k+2}{2}\right) \sqrt{a+b \sin[c+dx]^k}} + \frac{aB \left(jkm + \frac{k+1}{2}\right) + bA \left(jkm + \frac{k+2}{2}\right)}{b \left(jkm + \frac{k+2}{2}\right)} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m \sqrt{a+b \sin[c+dx]^k} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_*(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*Sqrt[a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.],x_Symbol
-b*B*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)/(d*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2)*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k])+
Dist[(a*B*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+b*A*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2))/(b*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k],x]]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x]&&OneQ[j^2,k^2]&&ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]&&NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]&&
RationalQ[m]&&NonzeroQ[j*k*m+(k+2)/2]&&j*k*m>=-1&&
NonzeroQ[a*B*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+b*A*(j*k*m+(k+2)/2)]
```

$$\text{Rules 11 -- 12: } \int \frac{(\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k)}{(a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{jkm+\frac{k+3}{2}}} dx$$

■ **Derivation:** Rule 5 with  $jkm+n+\frac{k+3}{2}=0$  and  $aB(n+1)+bAn=0$

■ **Rule 11a:** If  $j^2=k^2=1 \wedge a^2-b^2=0 \wedge bA-aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm+n+\frac{k+3}{2}=0 \wedge n+1 \neq 0 \wedge aB(n+1)+bAn=0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{A \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d(n+1)}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_*(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]
-A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*SIN[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(n+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,m,n},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
ZeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2] && NonzeroQ[n+1] && ZeroQ[a*B*(n+1)+b*A*n]
```

■ **Derivation:** Rule 5 with  $jkm+n+\frac{k+3}{2}=0$

■ **Rule 11b:** If  $j^2=k^2=1 \wedge a^2-b^2=0 \wedge bA-aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm+n+\frac{k+3}{2}=0 \wedge n>-1 \wedge aB(n+1)+bAn \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{A \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d(n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{aB(n+1)+bAn}{a(n+1)} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_*(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]
-A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*SIN[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(n+1)) +
Dist[(a*B*(n+1)+b*A*n)/(a*(n+1)),Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*SIN[c+d*x]^k)^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && ZeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2] && n>-1 && NonzeroQ[a*B*(n+1)+b*A*n]
```

■ **Derivation:** Rule 6 with  $j k m + n + \frac{k+3}{2} = 0$  and  $b B (n+1) + a A n = 0$

■ **Rule 12a:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0 \wedge j k m + n + \frac{k+3}{2} = 0 \wedge 2n+1 \neq 0 \wedge b B (n+1) + a A n = 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{(b A - a B) \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{b d (2n+1)}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_*(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_.+b_.sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]
- (b*A-a*B)*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(b*d*(2*n+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,m,n},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
ZeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2] && NonzeroQ[2*n+1] && ZeroQ[b*B*(n+1)+a*A*n]
```

■ **Derivation:** Rule 6 with  $j k m + n + \frac{k+3}{2} = 0$

■ **Rule 12b:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0 \wedge j k m + n + \frac{k+3}{2} = 0 \wedge n \leq -1 \wedge b B (n+1) + a A n \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{(b A - a B) \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{b d (2n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{b B (n+1) + a A n}{a^2 (2n+1)} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n+1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_*(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_.+b_.sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]
- (b*A-a*B)*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(b*d*(2*n+1)) +
Dist[(b*B*(n+1)+a*A*n)/(a^2*(2*n+1)),Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && ZeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2] && n<=-1 && NonzeroQ[b*B*(n+1)+a*A*n]
```

# Rules 7 – 8: $\int \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx$

- **Derivation:** Rule 2 with  $j m = \frac{k-1}{2}$  and  $a B n + b A (n+1) = 0$
- **Rule:** If  $k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge a B n + b A (n+1) = 0$ , then

$$\int \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{B \cos[c+dx] \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d (n+1)}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.x_])*(a_+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -B*Cos[c+d*x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^n/(d*(n+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,n},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && ZeroQ[a*B*n+b*A*(n+1)]
```

```
Int[sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1)*(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1))*(a_+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -B*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n/(d*(n+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,n},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && ZeroQ[a*B*n+b*A*(n+1)]
```

- **Derivation:** Rule 1 with  $j m = \frac{k-1}{2}$
- **Rule 7:** If  $k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge b A - a B \neq 0 \wedge n \leq -1 \wedge a B n + b A (n+1) \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(b A - a B) \cos[c+dx] \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{a d (2 n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{a B n + b A (n+1)}{a b (2 n+1)} \int \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n+1} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.x_])*(a_+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (b*A-a*B)*Cos[c+d*x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[(a*B*n+b*A*(n+1))/(a*b*(2*n+1)),Int[(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] && RationalQ[n] && n<=-1 &&
  NonzeroQ[a*B*n+b*A*(n+1)]
```

```
Int[sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1)*(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1))*(a_+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (b*A-a*B)*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[(a*B*n+b*A*(n+1))/(a*b*(2*n+1)),Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1))^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] && RationalQ[n] && n<=-1 &&
  NonzeroQ[a*B*n+b*A*(n+1)]
```

■ **Derivation: Rule 2 with  $j = \frac{k-1}{2}$**

■ **Rule 8: If  $k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge n > -1 \wedge n \neq 1 \wedge aBn + bA(n+1) \neq 0$ , then**

$$\int \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{B \cos[c+dx] \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d(n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{aBn + bA(n+1)}{b(n+1)} \int \sin[c+dx]^{\frac{k-1}{2}} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_])*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -B*Cos[c+d*x]*(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])^n/(d*(n+1)) +
  Dist[(a*B*n+b*A*(n+1))/(b*(n+1)),Int[(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] && RationalQ[n] &&
  n>-1 && n!=1 && NonzeroQ[a*B*n+b*A*(n+1)]
```

```
Int[sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)*(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -B*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n/(d*(n+1)) +
  Dist[(a*B*n+b*A*(n+1))/(b*(n+1)),Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1))^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] && RationalQ[n] &&
  n>-1 && n!=1 && NonzeroQ[a*B*n+b*A*(n+1)]
```

# Rules 1 – 6: $\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx$

## ■ Derivation: Recurrence 7

■ Rule 1: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm > 0 \wedge n \leq -1$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(bA - aB) \cos[c + d x] (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n}{ad(2n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2(2n+1)} \int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^{m-jk}.$$

$$\left( -(bA - aB) \left( jkm + \frac{k-1}{2} \right) + \left( bBn + aA(n+1) + (aA - bB) \left( jkm + \frac{k-1}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c + d x]^k \right)$$

$$(a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^{n+1} dx$$

## ■ Program code:

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]
  (b*A-a*B)*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*(a+b*Ssin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(a*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
    Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m-j*k)*
      Sin[-(b*A-a*B)*(j*k*m+(k-1)/2)+(b*B*n+a*A*(n+1)+(a*A-b*B)*(j*k*m+(k-1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
      (a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && j*k*m>0 && n<=1 && Not[j*k*m==1 && n==1]
```

■ Derivation: Recurrence 8

- Rule 2: If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2} \neq 0 \wedge jkm > 0 \wedge -1 < n < 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{B \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d (jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2})} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a (jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2})} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m-jk} \cdot$$

$$\left( aB \left( jkm + \frac{k-1}{2} \right) + \left( bBn + aA \left( jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c+dx]^k \right) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_.*(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol
-B*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*(a+b*Ssin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2))+
Dist[1/(a*(j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m-j*k)*
Sim[a*B*(j*k*m+(k-1)/2)+(b*B*n+a*A*(j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x]]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x]&&OneQ[j^2,k^2]&&ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]&&NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B]&&
RationalQ[m,n]&&NonzeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2]&&j*k*m>0&&-1<n<0&&Not[j*m==1&&k==1]
```

■ **Derivation: Recurrence 9**

■ **Note:** In the case  $n = \frac{1}{2}$ , this rule simplifies to rule 10.

■ **Rule 3:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2} \neq 0 \wedge jkm \geq -1 \wedge n > 0 \wedge n \neq \frac{1}{2}$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{bB \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n-1}}{d (jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2})} +$$

$$\frac{1}{jkm + n + \frac{k+1}{2}} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m \cdot$$

$$\left( aAn + (aA+bB) \left( jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) + \left( bA+aBn + (bA+aB) \left( jkm + n + \frac{k-1}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c+dx]^k \right)$$

$$(a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n-1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+B_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_)*(a_+b_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_)^n_,x_Symbo
-b*B*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n-1)/(d*(j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2))+
Dist[1/(j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*
Sim[a*A*n+(a*A+b*B)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+(b*A+a*B*n+(b*A+a*B)*(j*k*m+n+(k-1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && NonzeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+1)/2] && j*k*m>=-1 && n>0 && n!=1/2 && Not[j*m==1 && k==1]
```



■ **Derivation: Recurrence 10**

■ **Note:** In the case  $n = \frac{1}{2}$ , this rule simplifies to rule 9b.

■ **Rule 4:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm < -1 \wedge n > 0 \wedge n \neq \frac{1}{2}$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{aA \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n-1}}{d (jkm + \frac{k+1}{2})} +$$

$$\frac{1}{jkm + \frac{k+1}{2}} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} \cdot$$

$$\left( (bA + aB) \left( jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) - bA (n-1) + \left( aAn + (aA + bB) \left( jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c+dx]^k \right) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n-1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+B_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_)*(a_+b_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_)^n_,x_Symbol
a*A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*Ssin[c+d*x]^k)^(n-1)/(d*(j*k+m+(k+1)/2))+
Dist[1/(j*k+m+(k+1)/2),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*
Sim[(b*A+a*B)*(j*k+m+(k+1)/2)-b*A*(n-1)+(a*A*n+(a*A+b*B)*(j*k+m+(k+1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && j*k*m<-1 && n>0 && n!=1/2
```

■ **Derivation: Recurrence 11**

- **Rule 5:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \neq 0 \wedge jkm \leq -1 \wedge -1 < n < 0$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{A \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d (jkm + \frac{k+1}{2})} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a (jkm + \frac{k+1}{2})} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} \cdot$$

$$\left( aB \left( jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) - bAn + aA \left( jkm + n + \frac{k+3}{2} \right) \sin[c+dx]^k \right) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_.)*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_)^n_.,x_Symbol]
:= A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*SIN[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(j*k+m+(k+1)/2)) +
Dist[1/(a*(j*k+m+(k+1)/2)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*
Sim[a*B*(j*k+m+(k+1)/2)-b*A*n+a*A*(j*k+m+n+(k+3)/2)*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && NonzeroQ[j*k+m+(k+1)/2] && j*k*m<=-1 && -1<n<0
```

■ **Derivation: Recurrence 12**

■ **Rule 6:** If  $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge bA - aB \neq 0 \wedge jkm < 0 \wedge n \leq -1$ , then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{(bA - aB) \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{bd(2n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{b^2(2n+1)} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m \cdot$$

$$\left( aA(2n+1) + (aA - bB) \left( jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) - (bA - aB) \left( jkm+n + \frac{k+3}{2} \right) \sin[c+dx]^k \right)$$

$$(a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^{n+1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+B_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_)*(a+b_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_)^n_,x_Symbol
-(b*A-a*B)*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(b*d*(2*n+1)) +
Dist[1/(b^2*(2*n+1)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*
Sim[a*A*(2*n+1)+(a*A-b*B)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)-(b*A-a*B)*(j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2)*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && NonzeroQ[b*A-a*B] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && j*k*m<0 && n<=-1
```